10

15

20

- 1. A transmission system for transmitting a multilevel signal  $(x_k)$  from a transmitter (10) to a receiver (20), the transmitter (10) comprising a mapper (16) for mapping an input signal  $(i_k)$  according to a signal constellation onto the multilevel signal  $(x_k)$ , the receiver (20) comprising a demapper (22) for demapping the received multilevel signal  $(y_k)$  according to the signal constellation, wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein  $D_a > D_f$ , with  $D_a$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with  $D_f$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
- 2. The transmission system according to claim 1, wherein  $D_a$  has a substantially maximum value.
- 3. The transmission system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.
- The transmission system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the signal
  constellation is a 16-QAM signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 8A to 8G
  or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.
- 5. The transmission system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the signal constellation is a 64-QAM signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 9A to 9C and 10 or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.
- 6. The transmission system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the signal constellation is a 256-QAM signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 11A and 11B or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.

- 7. The transmission system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the signal constellation is a 8-PSK signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 12A to 12C or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.
- 5 8. A transmitter (10) for transmitting a multilevel signal (x<sub>k</sub>), the transmitter (10) comprising a mapper (16) for mapping an input signal (i<sub>k</sub>) according to a signal constellation onto the multilevel signal (x<sub>k</sub>), wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein D<sub>a</sub> > D<sub>f</sub>, with D<sub>a</sub> being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with D<sub>f</sub> being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
  - 9. The transmitter (10) according to claim 8, wherein  $D_a$  has a substantially maximum value.
  - 10. A transmitter (10) according to claim 8 or 9, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.
  - 11. A receiver (20) for receiving a multilevel signal  $(y_k)$ , the receiver (20) comprising a demapper (22) for demapping the multilevel signal  $(y_k)$  according to a signal constellation, wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein  $D_a > D_f$ , with  $D_a$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with  $D_f$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
  - 12. The receiver (20) according to claim 11, wherein  $D_a$  has a substantially maximum value.
  - 13. The receiver (20) according to claim 11 or 12, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.

10

15

- 14. A mapper (16) for mapping an input signal  $(i_k)$  according to a signal constellation onto a multilevel signal  $(x_k)$ , wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein  $D_a > D_f$ , with  $D_a$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with  $D_f$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
- 15. The mapper (16) according to claim 14, wherein  $D_a$  has a substantially maximum value.
  - 16. The mapper (16) according to claim 14 or 15, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.
- 17. A demapper (22) for demapping a multilevel signal  $(y_k)$  according to a signal constellation, wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein  $D_a > D_f$ , with  $D_a$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with  $D_f$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
- 18. The demapper (22) according to claim 17, wherein  $D_a$  has a substantially maximum value.
- 19. The demapper (22) according to claim 17 or 18, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.
- 30 20. A method of transmitting a multilevel signal  $(x_k)$  from a transmitter (10) to a receiver (20), the method comprising the steps of:
  - mapping an input signal  $(i_k)$  according to a signal constellation onto the multilevel signal  $(x_k)$ ,

25

- transmitting the multilevel signal  $(x_k)$ ,
- receiving the multilevel signal (v<sub>k</sub>) and
- demapping the multilevel signal  $(y_k)$  according to the signal constellation, wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein  $D_a > D_f$ , with  $D_a$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with  $D_f$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
- The method according to claim 20, wherein D<sub>a</sub> has a substantially maximum
   value.
  - 22. The method according to claim 20 or 21, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.
  - 23. A multilevel signal, the multilevel signal being the result of a mapping of an input signal  $(i_k)$  according to a signal constellation, wherein the signal constellation comprises a number of signal points with corresponding labels, and wherein  $D_a > D_f$ , with  $D_a$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points whose corresponding labels differ in a single position, and with  $D_f$  being the minimum of the Euclidean distances between all pairs of signal points.
  - 24. The multilevel signal according to claim 23, wherein D<sub>a</sub> has a substantially maximum value.
  - 25. The multilevel signal according to claim 23 or 24, wherein  $\overline{H_1}$  has a substantially minimum value, with  $\overline{H_1}$  being the average Hamming distance between all pairs of labels corresponding to neighboring signal points.
- 30 26. The multilevel signal according to claim 23 or 24, wherein the signal constellation is a 16-QAM signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 8A to 8G or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.

- 27. The multilevel signal according to claim 23 or 24, wherein the signal constellation is a 64-QAM signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 9A to 9C and 10 or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.
- 5 28. The multilevel signal according to claim 23 or 24, wherein the signal constellation is a 256-QAM signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 11A and 11B or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.
- 29. The multilevel signal according to claim 23 or 24, wherein the signal constellation is a 8-PSK signal constellation as depicted in any one of the Figs. 12A to 12C or an equivalent signal constellation thereof.